PRELIMINARY MAPPING "NORTH ZONE"
GOLDCREEK PROPERTY, DUCKWORTH TWP.
FOR
LANDORE RESOURCES INC.

Thunder Bay, November 6, 1997

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INTRODUCTION

The following report gives the results of preliminary mapping on one of the numerous surface gold showings on the "Goldcreek" properties. The "Goldcreek" properties are now controlled 100% by Landore Resources Inc. a junior mining company from Alberta.

The exploration work has been completed by C. Larouche of Ovalbay Geological Services Inc. of Thunder Bay, Ontario and one day by Dr. Stewart Jackson, vice-president of exploration for Landore Resources.

The work was completed in order to satisfy the requirements of assessment work, and is part of a continuous detailed exploration program.

To summarize the recent transactions on the mining properties under study, EXHIBIT 1 from the Management Information Circular of Landore Resources Inc., dated effective the 18th day of August, 1997, has been included in the present report.
EXHIBIT I

This is Exhibit I to the Management Information Circular of Landore Resources Inc. (the "Corporation") dated effective the 18th day of August, 1997 (the "Management Information Circular"). All capitalized terms used and not defined herein shall have the same meaning as given in the Management Information Circular.

684667 ALBERTA LTD.

684667 Alberta Ltd. ("684667 Ltd.") is a private company incorporated pursuant to the provisions of the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) on February 21, 1996, and extra-provincially registered in the Province of Ontario effective August 13, 1996. 684667 Ltd. has 3,568,000 issued and outstanding Class "A" voting shares as at the Effective Date.

The registered office of 684667 Alberta Ltd. is located at 1600, 407 - 2nd Street S.W., Calgary, Alberta, T2P 2Y3.

BUSINESS OF 684667 ALBERTA LTD.

684667 Ltd. conducts business in mineral exploration in the Province of Ontario and has an undivided 100% interest in certain mining claims located in the Province of Ontario. Pursuant to four transfer agreements with each of Jet Mining Exploration Inc., David Walsten, Wing Resources Inc. and William Hayne (collectively, the "Transfer Agreements"), 684667 Alberta Ltd. acquired certain mining claims (collectively, the "Gold Creek Property") in consideration for a total of 5713,600. The consideration for the Gold Creek Property consisted of 3,568,000 Class "A" voting shares at a deemed price of $0.20 per share.

THE LICHTBLAUP REPORT

Andreas Lichtblau of Nolalu, Ontario, Canada ("Lichtblau") has prepared a geological report (the "Lichtblau Report") entitled "Updated Evaluation of the Gold and Base Metal Potential of the Gold Creek Property, Laurie and Duckworth Townships", dated January 20, 1997.

684667 Alberta Ltd. has prepared documentation regarding the transfer of claims to its name at the Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines. Evidence of such transfers was not available to Lichtblau during the preparation of the Lichtblau Report.

The following information on the Gold Creek Property had been extracted from the Lichtblau Report.

1. SUMMARY AND INTRODUCTION

The Gold Creek Property is located 60 kilometres west of the City of Thunder Bay, within the Thunder Bay Mining District of Northwestern Ontario. The property is comprised of a total of 517 adjacent non patented mining claims covering superficies of approximately 8,272 hectares (20,680 acres) within Duckworth and Laurie townships.

It is the opinion of Lichtblau that the Gold Creek Property is of significant merit and that systematic exploration of the property has better than average chance to return a mineralized zone of economic potential.

Compilation of all existing geological information and later detailing by field investigation is recommended. As well, a separate grid of lines should be established on different exploration targets for detailed geological, geophysical and geochemical surveys. A leaching test should be conducted on the 1000 feet drilled in July, 1995. Lichtblau recommends that after a compilation of the data, a total of
5,000 linear feet of diamond drilling should be completed. The following maps (Figure 1) give the location of the Gold Creek Property.

2. STATUS OF CLAIMS

The claim block covers approximately 50% of Duckworth township (G-638) and 30% of Laurie township (G-669). It comprises a total of 517 contiguous claim units covering a superficie of roughly 8,272 hectares (20,680 acres). The claims are recorded under the following names:

**Original 383 Claims**

- 50% Jet Mining Exploration (John Ternowesky)
  132 Robinson Drive
  Thunder Bay, Ontario P7A 6G5

- 50% D.O. Walsten
  1376 Valley Drive
  Kenora, Ontario P9N 2X6

**Additional 51 Claims**

Laminco Exploration Inc.
1070 Lithium Drive, Unit #3
Thunder Bay, Ontario P7B 6G3

**Last 83 Claims**

Wing Resources Inc.
P.O. Box 784
815 Harold Crescent
Thunder Bay, Ontario P7C 4W6

A detailed list of the claims with their accumulated assessment work, due dates and reserves is presented in Appendix A to Exhibit I. Please see "Work and Events Subsequent to Lichtblau Report" herein for an update on the status of the claims.

3. LOCATION AND ACCESS

The property is located approximately 60 kilometres west northwest of the city of Thunder Bay, Ontario, within the townships of Duckworth (G-638) and Laurie (G-669).

The eastern, northern and southern portions of the property are accessible by a network of all weather gravel logging roads. Diamond drill roads and ATV trails provide access to the rest of the claim block. The Shebandowan Mine and Mill complex are located 10 kilometres west northwest of the claim block. All of these logging roads branch from a main access road, the Duckworth camp 518 road, which itself branches from the secondary paved road giving access to the Inco Shebandowan Mine. This secondary road joins Highway #11 some 6 kilometres north.
Figure 1: Location (inset) and access roads of the western part of Shebandowan Greenstone Belt, with the areas mapped by previous workers superimposed.
4. HISTORY

(a) Previous Work

The first gold showing discovered on the present claim block is the "Old Quartzite Mine" a long known gold prospect consisting of auriferous, siliceous, pyritic schist which is exposed on the shores of Gold Creek where today, there is still evidence of workings. Gold was first reported in the area of Gold Creek by government geologists in 1896 (Resident Geologist's Files). From the last century to the early 1980's, minor exploration has been conducted within the volcanic belt, in the southern part of Laurie Township, mainly for massive sulphide and the central portion of the property (sedimentary belt) in Duckworth and Laurie townships for iron and gold.

From 1943 to 1944, Gunflint Iron Mines Ltd. conducted an exploration program consisting of surface prospecting, channel sampling and diamond drilling over a 56 claim block covering a portion of the Matawin iron formation. Twelve holes totalling 2,796 feet (852 metres) were drilled to test iron and gold showings located on the property.

From 1956 to 1957, Monpre Mining Company Ltd. explored a block of claims along the Matawin iron formation in central Duckworth and Laurie Townships. Geological mapping and magnetometer surveys were conducted, followed by diamond drilling totalling 10,592 feet (3,228 metres) in order to test the iron formation. This drilling delineated 100 million tons of 30% Fe and an open pit mining pre-feasibility plan was prepared.

In 1958, George Chilian excavated four trenches and drilled ten holes totalling 564 feet (172 metres), along the northwest shore of Sand Lake in west - central Laurie township on a gold showing named the "Chilian Occurrence".

D. Scali and B. Borschneck completed airborne magnetometer and electromagnetic surveys over 31 claims in the vicinity of Gold Creek in 1972. Three holes totalling 1,605 feet (489 metres) were drilled to test several airborne electromagnetic anomalies.

During 1972 and 1973, a base metal exploration program was also being conducted in south - central Laurie township by T.C. Byrne and the Caltor Syndicate. Nine holes totalling 3,371 feet (1,027 metres) were drilled. Even if results do not indicate significant massive sulphide mineralization, there are rumours that a section of massive sphalerite was intersected.

Noranda Exploration also carried out very limited geophysical surveys and one drill hole in the eastern part of the claims in the early 1970's.

John Ternowesky, D. Walsten and W. Hayne began the acquisition of claims in the area in 1983.

Jalna Resources Ltd. optioned in 1983, the southern part of the present claim block and conducted geological mapping, ground geophysical (magnetic, electromagnetic and I.P.) and geochemical surveys after completing an airborne electromagnetic and magnetometer survey over the claims. In 1984, Jalna completed overburden drilling, mechanical and manual trenching and stripping, rock chip sampling and further geological mapping. They outlined several zones of auriferous mineralization consisting of disseminated pyrite in sericitized felsic volcanic schists coinciding with geochemical arsenic anomalies (North, South and Ternowesky zones).
Anaconda Canada Exploration Ltd. followed up the Jalna program with some exploratory drilling during the winter of 1984 - 1985. A total of 13 holes for 3,665 feet (1,117 metres) were completed.

In summary Jalna completed the following work:

- Mapping 50.2 lines miles
- Mag survey 34.1 miles
- I.P. 17.5 miles
- VLF-Em 16 4.6 miles
- Airborne 420 miles
- O/B drilling 243 holes
- Soil sampling 2,352 samples
  assays ICP 30 elements + gold
- Rock chips 283 samples
  assays ICP 30 elements + gold
- Pits 18
- Trenches 2,090 feet

Due to certain difficulties in financing, Jalna terminated their option on the "Gold Creek" claims and the property (415 mining claims at the time) was subsequently optioned by Inco in November 1986.

In 1987, Inco Gold Company ("Inco") established a grid of lines over the whole property followed by geological and magnetometer surveys. Several areas were prospected and select areas of anomalous gold mineralization were stripped and trenched. A 14 hole diamond drilling program totalling 4,753 feet (1,449 metres) was completed late in the year.

In 1988, stripping and trenching was conducted on a number of gold showings (E and F zones and dykes 3, 5, 8, 9, 10, 10a, 11, 12, 17, 19, 20, 26 and 26a). Detailed mapping and sampling was completed over the stripped areas.

In April 1988, Inco drilled 4 holes in the south central part of the property for a total of 2,004 feet (611 metres). A second diamond drilling program was completed in October and November 1988. A total of 3,752 feet (1,144 metres) of NQ core was drilled in 12 holes to test dykes which surface sampling has shown to be auriferous.

An all weather gravel road was also constructed from the Duckworth Road to the I - Zone (dyke 10).

The 1989 work program involved further prospecting, stripping, trenching, detailed mapping (H Zone), and diamond drilling. Detailed chip sampling of the most auriferous zone (dyke 10 - I Zone) was completed. Some 150 linear feet of channel sample has been cut from an area 39.4 feet (12 metres) by up to 14.8 feet (4.5 metres) wide and assays were done on 238 samples.

In February and March 1989, 8 holes totalling 3,636.5 feet (1,108.7 metres) were drilled in the south central part of the property (zones A, C, D, E, and F). A second diamond drill program was completed in November 1989. Three holes totalling 538 feet (164 metres) were drilled on the H Zone.

In 1989, other work completed by Inco was a bulk cyanide leach completed on a collection of channel sample rejects from the I - Zone. After grinding to -200 mesh, the material was then leached with a concentrated cyanide solution for 110 hours. The results of this bulk leach test show that a recovery of 96.2% can be achieved by leaching and that the whole sample averaged 1.05 g/t Au. An average of the
chip samples from surface gave 1.5 g/t Au. It is not certain if all channel samples were included for the leach test.

(b) Summary

As a summary, Inco conducted the following exploration while they held the option on the Gold Creek property:

- Line cutting 574 miles
- Geology 574 miles
- Mag survey 574 miles
- Diamond drilling 41 holes
  - 4476.7 metres
  - 14,683.6 feet
- Road 1.5 kilometres
- Trenches
- Sampling and channel sampling
- Bulk sampling

A summary of major work performed by Jalna, Anaconda and Inco, expressed in current dollars, totals $2.02 million.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Road</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line cutting</td>
<td>391,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnetometer</td>
<td>117,360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geological Mapping</td>
<td>351,400</td>
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<tr>
<td>IP</td>
<td>14,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>VLF</td>
<td>840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airborne Mag, VLF</td>
<td>40,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>Overburden Drilling</td>
<td>44,955</td>
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<tr>
<td>Soil Sampling</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pits and trenches</td>
<td>170,900</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diamond Drilling</td>
<td>638,517</td>
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<tr>
<td>Administration</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,018,452</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please see also "Recent Work" and "Work Completed Subsequent to Lichtblau Report" herein.

5. GEOLOGY AND MINERALIZATION

(a) Regional Geology

The Gold Creek property is situated in the western portion of the Shebandowan - Wawa greenstone belt, which is part of the Superior Structural Province of the Canadian Shield.

Keewatin volcanics including rocks of komatiitic, tholeiitic, calc-alkalic, high potassium calc-alkalic and shoshonitic affinities are the main constituents of the belt. These also locally contain intercalated flysch sediments. Mafic and felsic intrusives, such as the Shebandowan Lake stock, cut all rock types. Timiskaming type sediments and associated high potassic calc-alkalic and shoshonitic volcanics occur...
above an unconformable contact with the Keewatin lithologies. All rock types are cut by late diabase and lamprophyre dykes (Carter, 1987).

The area has recently been recognized as a potential new gold belt within the Thunder Bay Mining District by the Ministry of Northern Development and Mines. The Ministry also published in 1994 a compilation map of all the gold showings closely related to what they referred to as the Matawin Gold Belt.

(b) Property Geology

The northern part of the property is underlain by mafic volcanics and gabbroic intrusions. The central portion of the claims comprises a band of Timiskaming sediments. To the south, a large area of felsic to intermediate volcanics are in unconformable contact with the Timiskaming sediments. These metavolcanic rocks include intermediate flows, quartz - and feldspar - phryic, intrusive to extrusive rocks including flow banded rhyolite and abundant pyroclastic rocks. The south - central part of the area is underlain by vesicular unpillowed, mafic to intermediate metavolcanic rocks with associated felsic tuff breccias.

In the area immediately west of Lily Lake, the Timiskaming sediments (argillite, siltstone, arenite/wacke, jasperitic/hematitic argillite/wake, B.I.F. magnetite rich argillite) grade into intermediate to mafic alkalic volcanics (tuffs and debris flows).

Syenite dykes intrude the Timiskaming sediments at 090° (with some dykes oriented at 060°). These are parallel to lamprophyre dykes also oriented at 090°, and gabbro-diabase dykes at 060°.

The syenite dykes are generally medium grey, with a faint reddish tint, fine to medium grained and sparsely plagioclase phryic. Numerous quartz stringers and veins of variable width (mm's to cm's) comprise between 10% and 15% of the dyke. Hairline fractures are often stained blood-red and are coated by hematite and specularite.

Hematization and carbonatization are well developed around the quartz veins/hairline fractures; individual alteration halos vary between 1mm and 60cm. Coalescing halos in areas of high vein concentration may pervasively alter patches of dyke 1m-2m wide. Auriferous pyrite is preferentially developed in the alteration halos as fine (mm) disseminations; coarser, euhedral pyrite (cm) is found in the quartz vein material itself and near the dyke margins, where it intrudes host magnetite Iron Formation.

(c) Structure

Dykes and their adjacent wall rocks have only been briefly examined, and then only in stripped areas, by Inco and Ontario Geological Survey ("OGS") geologists. The structural geology of the property has been extrapolated from these observations.

Field evidence shows that brittle deformation predominantly affects the intrusive rocks of the area. Features include faults, fractures and quartz filling of early fractures. Little evidence of these features is present in most volcanic and sedimentary wall rocks. The volcanics exhibit little more than foliation of average orientation 100°/90°. Foliation is strongest within a few meters of intrusions. This is possibly related to the effects of emplacement of the dykes. Locally the veins across the syenite dykes show minor shear movement. Sediments and debris flows show only occasionally brittle deformation features similar to those seen in the dykes. Otherwise, they appear almost undeformed, with poorly developed foliation.
Based on the structural analysis by Inco, it is believed that tension fractures formed initially parallel to an EW direction of maximum compressive stress. This subordinate, earlier set (of average orientation $042^\circ/32^\circ$) is cut by the dominant set at $176^\circ/85^\circ$, which hosts gold mineralization in many locations throughout the property. Tension may have occurred in both planes at approximately the same time, or the later set is due to a reversal of maximum compressive stress into the NS direction.

Quartz veining was followed by faulting. The faults generally exhibit displacement of centimetres to meters. A conjugate set was developed with $328^\circ/80^\circ$ dextral faults and $210^\circ/84^\circ$ sinistral faults. The dextral faults are much more common. Lineations on these faults generally plunge $10^\circ$ to $30^\circ$ toward the south. Generally mineral lineations plunge steeply to moderately to the northwest over most of the area.

A major set of fractures is nearly coplanar with the dextral faults ($154^\circ/83^\circ$). These are interpreted to be related shear fractures. Displacements of a few millimetres or centimetres is observed in the field. Another set of late tension fractures is prevalent with an orientation of $189^\circ/81^\circ$. These may have been due to a late increase in stress after formation of the other features.

On the most recent geology map by the OGS (Burger 1993) the central part of the claim block is traversed by several faults, the most prominent of which is the steep, west-northwest - striking Crayfish Creek Fault.

Possibly younger, northeast - trending faults are also present in the area. One such fault is present on the Inco Laurie township property (showing #38, 39 40, and 41) and appears to be associated with the gold mineralization. Another northeast - trending fault which has not yet been fully understood, is present at the west limit of the claim block. This fault (which could be called the Matawin Fault) has quite an influence on the stratigraphy and mineralization from its east side to its west side. On the east side, the Timiskaming formations are characterized by mainly sediments and the gold mineralization is developed as ladder veins within dykes which are 1 to 5 meters in widths. To the west of the fault, the Timiskaming formations are characterized by mainly volcanic rocks and the gold mineralization is associated to fractured zones at the contact of much larger masses of felsic intrusive rocks. The fault also appears to displace (sinistral) a mass of gabbro which is present north of the I - Zone. The northeast projection of this fault would also cut and terminate another belt of Timiskaming sediments about 8km to the north of the Matawin belt.

The larger felsic intrusive rock to the west of the property under study is surrounded by Timiskaming volcanic rocks and could possibly represent a volcanic centre for the Timiskaming volcanics.

Further to the east, about 15 km from the east limit of the property, a syenite stock known as the "Tower Syenite Stock" also carries low gold values but it is important to note that the stock is intruded within mainly Keewatin volcanic rocks. This confirms the idea that within the study area, the syenite dykes could also be found within the earlier volcanic rocks and not only within the Timiskaming sediments.

(d) Mineralization-Gold

Syenite Dykes:

Several gold occurrences are located within the central part of the claims under study. They are associated with syenite dykes. A total of twenty - six dykes of syenite, (locally described as granodiorite to monzodiorite) and lamprophyric composition were located. Auriferous dykes are 1 to 5 metres wide and are exposed for 10 to 60 metres along strike. Dykes 10 - 10a have been traced and intermittently trenched over a total strike length of nine hundred meters. Nine dykes in the northwest part of the
property yielded assays from grab samples of greater than 1.0 g/t Au, including 116.0 g/t Au (dyke 10), 51.2 g/t Au (dyke 5), 33.9 g/t Au (dyke 3), 18.2 g/t Au (dyke 5), 33.9 g/t Au (dyke 3), 4.46 g/t Au (dyke 9), 1.75 g/t Au (dyke 6), and 1.73 g/t Au (dyke 17). Grab samples from dyke 12, located approximately 5.0 kilometres east of Dyke 10 (I Zone) assayed up to 19.9 g/t Au.

Mineralization within the dykes comprises 10% to 15% pyrite as coarse blebs, massive pods and disseminations; locally 2% - 3% galena occurs with pyrite in polymetallic quartz veins. Much V.G. occurs in the quartz (+carbonate) stringers and veins, as well as in 1mm to 5mm fractures. Coarse grained native gold tends to be most concentrated near dyke contacts. Most of the fractures and the quartz veins are oriented perpendicular to the direction of the dyke, forming a well developed ladder vein system.

Whereas not all veins are mineralized, the host rock generally contains up to 10% finely disseminated pyrite in areas of high vein density and associated alteration.

Dykes and masses of syenite locally granodiorite are much wider just west of the present property. They intrude Timiskaming volcanic rocks instead of sediments. Within these wider dykes, it appears that shearing and fractures are limited to narrow zones close to the contacts of the intrusions.

On the dyke # 10 (I-Zone) a block of 500,000 tons has been delineated by surface work and limited diamond drilling down to a depth of 500 vertical feet (152m). Inco tested this block with 4 drill holes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hole</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Depth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hole 74875</td>
<td>2.55 g/t</td>
<td>over 3.28 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hole 74878</td>
<td>3.28 g/t</td>
<td>over 14.6 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hole 74887</td>
<td>2.55 g/t</td>
<td>over 0.56 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hole 74876</td>
<td>4.91 g/t</td>
<td>over 5.64 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface channel</td>
<td>1.50 g/t</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Where exposed, the structure has a fairly consistent width of about 4m to 5m. The I-Zone is known to extend for at least 3,300 feet (1 km). It is also believed that dyke 12, located 5 kilometres to the east of the I - Zone represents its eastern extension.

Inco also conducted channel sampling on part of the I - Zone. The sampling shows that gold values are highly erratic and the average from the channel sampling is about 1.5 g/t Au. To gain confidence in the grade, style and setting of gold mineralization, and in assaying technique, a 1,000 linear feet (330 m) NQ drill program was completed in July 1995. Drilling was designed to sample the first 100 vertical feet (30 m) of the dyke. Seven holes were collared close to the contact of the dyke and angled to obtain the longest section possible through the dyke from one contact to the other contact and at the same time make an appropriate angle of intersection with the mineralized quartz veins.

Sericite-Tourmaline-Quartz - Schist:

Mineralization in the SW portion of the property is centred around a sericite-tourmaline-quartz brecciated mafic intrusion recognized by L. Chorlton in 1987 but not by Inco. The felsic fragmental host rocks (comprising coarse pyroclastics and cherty tuffaceous beds) have undergone widespread and pervasive sericitization and more local tourmalization and gold-bearing pyritization; followed by late-stage actinolite veining. An area of 1800m by 700m crossing the hinge of a synform has been affected by this episode of deformation, alteration and gold mineralization. The better gold values appear to be directly associated with highly sericitized and pyritized felsic metavolcanic rocks with elevated values of sulphur and arsenic.
Limited drilling by Inco, on a zone south of the mafic intrusion, south central portion of the claims, intersected 0.7gpt Au/39.0m (including 1.63gpt Au/7.5m) beneath a surface exposure (measuring 14m by 22m) from which 63 grab samples averaged 0.64gpt Au. This mineralization remains open in all directions. Most importantly, the drilling by Inco was parallel to a well developed mineral elongation direction and subparallel to local foliation; any trends in gold concentration were therefore obscured.

Potential for gold mineralization also exists in the northern part of the property. Grab samples collected by Inco from the Chilian occurrence assayed up to 7.47 g/t Au. The gold mineralization is associated with a shear zone. To the east of the Chilian occurrence, several areas of interest and ten new gold showings have been located recently on new claims staked for J. Hackl of Shebandowan. On the Hackl property, a consistent style of alteration and mineralization is evident, characterized by variably silicified, carbonatized sericitized and pyritized sediments (sandstone) adjacent to quartz veinlets and or veins which contain locally abundant iron carbonate and sulphides, pyrite is ubiquitous, galena and chalcopyrite are locally present. Assays better than 1.00g/t Au from grab sampling are abundant with values of up to 15.257 g/t Au. The new gold showings extend over a strike length of more than 1 kilometre and the westernmost showing is located less than 200 metres away from the study property. No prospecting has yet been conducted on the Gold Creek property, in this area.

In the central part of the claims, because of the possible importance of the Timiskaming - Keewatin unconformity in the Kirkland Lake - Larder Lake area in influencing gold deposition, it might be valuable to determine the location, and if possible the three dimensional geometry, of this unconformity in Duckworth and Laurie townships.

(e) Mineralization-Base Metals

OGS and Inco mapping has defined a thick (3km) succession of predominantly felsic volcanics occupying the core of a syncline south of the Timiskaming unconformity. This presumably southward facing pile interfingers with intermediate to mafic volcanics to the east and west. The area should not be overlooked for its base metal potential.

An area of approximately 3km by 3km is underlain by this succession comprised overwhelmingly of felsic fragmental units (debris flows, crystal tuffs and pumiceous pyroclastics). The core of the area is underlain by the Sericite-Tourmaline-Quartz brecciated mafic intrusion referred to above. Stripping and trenching for gold mineralization revealed the presence of a pyritic-sericitic to chloritic-amphibolitic and auriferous cherty tuff, 1m-7m thick, overlain by blocky debris flows and underlain by strongly sericitized quartz crystal tuff. Channel sampling by previous operators returned 3.02 g/t Au/2.43m along 54.9m strike length over the North Zone.

6. RECENT WORK

During the summer of 1995, Forage Boileau Inc. completed a limited diamond drilling program on the I - Zone (dyke 10). A total of 1000 linear feet (305 meters) was drilled at a low angle to the felsic dyke in order to obtain a longer section through the dyke for assay purposes. Seven (7) short holes were completed. The seven holes have since been assayed by conventional method in one metre sections and the rest of the holes were saved for leaching tests. Please see "Drilling and Assays" herein.

A ground geophysical survey totalling roughly 80 kilometres of grid lines was completed across the central part of the claim block during the period of March to May 1996.
The systematic electromagnetic VLF-EM 16 survey along with locally a magnetic survey, in the northern part of the grid, were oriented at locating some of the major geological structures known to be present within the surveyed area, namely the north and south contacts of the Timiskaming sediments, the extension of the Crayfish Fault and the presence of a gabbroic plug.

An area of approximately 150 meters by 100 metres was detailed on claim # TB-786756 in May 1996. The hand stripping and mapping exposed a ENE trending syenite dyke intruding well foliated felsic lapilli breccia. This syenite dyke is exposed across a width of about 70 metres. Previous work by Inco (1987) returned a grab sample grading 1.76 ppm Au from the general area. The dyke itself is undeformed but is veined and fractured, especially near the northern contact.

In May 1996, an additional 2,000 linear feet of diamond drilling has been completed within the southern part of the study property in order to investigate different targets within the felsic volcanic belt. Three holes (747 feet) were drilled in the area of the "North Zone" to establish the stratigraphy in the area which returned 3.02 g pt Au over an average width of 2.43 meters along a 54.9 meters strike length in surface sampling by previous operators. Another three holes totalling 737 feet, were drilled on the "South Zone" where a previous drill hole by Inco (hole # 78411-0) returned anomalous gold values of 1.63 gpt Au over 7.5 metres. Surface sampling in the area also returned values of 0.64 gpt Au from 63 samples covering an area of 14 metres by 22 metres. No assaying has been completed on these samples.

The last three holes were drilled on new structures (cherty horizon, sericite schist zone, syenite dyke) within the felsic volcanic belt to obtain a cross section of the geology in these areas.

7. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The main exploration targets on the property are defined as:

- Syenite - lamprophyre dykes with well developed ladder vein systems.
- Large areas of quartz crystal sericite schists with minor but highly pyritized and silicified chert carrying highly anomalous to subeconomic gold values.
- Geological context within the felsic volcanics for massive sulphide deposition. Alteration is characteristic of a good VMS environment
- Gold bearing shear zones are also present on the claims
- Because of similarities to the Kirkland Lake-Larder Lake area, the Timiskaming - Keewatin unconformity in Duckworth and Laurie townships represents a good exploration target.

It is recommended to study the setting and controls of broad zones of auriferous mineralization accompanying pyritic and sericitic schists in the predominantly metavolcanic terrane in the southern part of the claim block. It is also recommended to detail the gold - bearing ladder vein system well developed within dykes.

The syenite dykes are known to be present at numerous locations within the sediments and are up to 4m-5m in width. The possibility exists, because of their slightly differing orientations and dips, that some of them may join along strike and/or at depth, creating a much greater mineralized volume than two single dykes.

Detailed investigation of these dykes should concentrate in the area of Dyke #10 (I - Zone) which has been subjected to the most work because of better exposure. A block of 500,000 tons has been delineated
by previous work completed by Inco (from surface to 150m vertical). Due to the coarse nature and irregular distribution on the free gold, more sampling is required to obtain a representative grade.

The geology of the south part of the claim block is complex due to episodes of fracturing, brecciation and veining as well as several stages of volcanism and magmatic intrusion, all of which occurred before the superposition of a strong, penetrative, steeply plunging, stretching lineation and minor late tectonic adjustments.

The mining property also includes economic gold mineralization hosted within shear zones (Sand Lake) and adjacent to the east along the same stratigraphic horizons, the discovery in the Fall of 1994 of at least 10 new gold showings over a distance of 1 km and grading up to 15 g/t Au, confirm the exploration potential on the rest of the property.

### 8. PROPOSED BUDGET

In order to begin the systematic evaluation of the gold potential and base metal potential on the Gold Creek property, it is important to compile the existing information. This information can be later detailed by field investigation. For the line cutting, it is recommended to establish separate grid lines on the different exploration targets of the Gold Creek property. These grids will be oriented at different angles, depending on the structure but should be located in such a way that they can interlock to form a square grid.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Compilation of existing information</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line cutting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A total of 75 kilometres (including base and tie lines) 75 km @ $45.00/km</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geochemical survey (humus sampling)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400 samples @ $45.00/sample</td>
<td>18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geology selected area (all inclusive)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 days @ $400.00/day</td>
<td>36,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assays including whole rock and thin sections</td>
<td>7,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geophysical survey (DEEPEM)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 km @ $700.00/km</td>
<td>21,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Geophysical survey (Vertical Mag on I-Zone)</td>
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<tr>
<td>5km @ $120.00/km</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leaching tests on the 1000 feet drilled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 1995</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trenching</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diamond drilling (all inclusive)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000 linear feet @ $30.00/ft</td>
<td>150,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
WORK AND EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO LICHTBLAU REPORT

On April 24, 1997, Jet Mining Exploration Inc., D.O. Walsten, Laminco Exploration Inc. and Wing Resources Inc. signed transfer forms for all of the claims listed in “Status of Claims”, to the name of 684667 Alberta Ltd. The transfer forms have not yet been recorded at the Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines.

Since the Lichtblau Report, 684667 Ltd. has undertaken various geological work on the Gold Creek Property to maintain the claims in good standing. The following information has been compiled by Ovalbay Geological Services Inc. ("Ovalbay"), whose head office is located at Unit #3, 1070 Lithium Drive, Thunder Bay, Ontario, P7B 6G3. Ovalbay has not received any remuneration for the discussion of the analysis detailed in "Drilling and Assays" and “Second Assays” described herein.

DRILLING AND ASSAYS

During the period of May 1, 1997 to June 15, 1997, a total of 7 diamond drill holes totalling 2,000 linear feet were drilled by Forage M. Boileau Inc. of Val d’Or, Quebec, in the central part of the claim block in order to fulfill the requirements of assessment work for the Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines. Mr. Boileau is at arm’s length to 684667 Ltd. The diamond drilling was aimed at locating and detailing the northern unconformity between the Keewatin volcanics (to the north) and the Timiscaming sediments (to the south). The drilling intersected felsic volcanics, mafic intrusions, ultramafic rocks, Timiscaming sediments and few syenite dykes. These drill holes have not been assayed.

In June and July of 1997, a total of 163 samples from the 1,000 foot diamond drilling completed in 1995 on the I-Zone (dyke 10) were split and sent to Accurassay Laboratories ("Accurassay") for assays (jobs #9740460, 9740472, 9740473, 9470481, 9470489, 9470491, 970660). Accurassay is an independent commercial laboratory and is a division of Assay Laboratory Services Inc. and is located at Unit 2, 1070 Lithium Drive, Thunder Bay, Ontario, P7B 6G3 and at Box 426, 3 Industrial Drive, Kirkland Lake, Ontario, P2N 3J1. The drilling was completed at low angle to the mineralized structure. The following results were returned:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hole #</th>
<th>from (feet)</th>
<th>to (feet)</th>
<th>width (feet)</th>
<th>Grade opt Au</th>
<th>Grade gpt Au</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>95-01</td>
<td>46.8</td>
<td>94.0</td>
<td>47.2</td>
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<td>95-02</td>
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<td>22.6</td>
<td>0.023</td>
<td>0.79</td>
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<tr>
<td>95-03</td>
<td>42.0</td>
<td>63.4</td>
<td>21.4</td>
<td>0.097</td>
<td>3.33</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>66.0</td>
<td>78.8</td>
<td>12.8</td>
<td>0.010</td>
<td>0.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95-04</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>140.4</td>
<td>134.5</td>
<td>0.126</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>95-05</td>
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<td>67.0</td>
<td>67.0</td>
<td>0.127</td>
<td>4.36</td>
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<tr>
<td>95-06</td>
<td>14.0</td>
<td>63.0</td>
<td>49.0</td>
<td>0.062</td>
<td>2.13</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>80.4</td>
<td>147.0</td>
<td>66.6</td>
<td>0.040</td>
<td>1.37</td>
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<td>95-07</td>
<td>29.0</td>
<td>90.4</td>
<td>61.4</td>
<td>0.045</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>105.4</td>
<td>147.4</td>
<td>42.0</td>
<td>0.045</td>
<td>1.54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The samples average 1 meter in length with assaying of the entire length and the highest assay being 1.62 opt Au (hole #95-05, from 47.0 feet to 50.4 feet along the hole), no cutting of assays has been carried out for the averages.

The E-W structure has a true width of 12 to 15 feet and dips to the south at 70 degrees.

The structure is open in all directions and more tests are planned (such as leaching) to confirm the grade established by conventional assays.

SECOND ASSAYS

A second set of assays (cyanide leach of pulp and fire assay on residues) were requested in order to confirm the results of the previous assaying completed by standard fire assay on the core (NQ size) drilled in 1995 on the Gold Creek Property, I-Zone. The assays were also performed by Accurassay Laboratories as detailed above.

The cyanide leach of pulp was also completed as a test to study the percentage of extraction by cyanide on such ore.

Conventional assaying (fire assay) returned an average of 0.182 opt Au from the samples submitted. The cyanide leach (pulp) assays returned an average of 0.194 opt, showing an increase of 6.6% in the grade.

Management of 684667 Ltd. has been advised that this test shows that the percentage of extraction by cyanide on such ore is over 92.0% which confirms the leach test conducted by Inco Exploration & Technical Services in 1990 on samples from surface.

Management has been advised by Mr. Larouche that future leach tests should be completed over the whole drill core.
Intermittently during the period of June 8, 1997 to October 20, 1997 a total of 7 man days were spent on the "North Zone" following a compilation of previous work completed by Jalna Resources Limited (1983), Anaconda Canada Exploration Ltd. (1985), and Inco (1987-1988).

The preliminary mapping was aimed at defining structure and stratigraphy in the area of the "north zone". The previous interpretations are discordant as to the exact orientation of the stratigraphy. The grid line and detailed ground geophysics by Jalna are oriented at 045°, the diamond drilling by Anaconda is oriented at 145° and the drilling by Inco is oriented north-south.

The results of the compilation and field work are summarized on Map # 1 accompanying (in pocket) the present report. The map is drafted at the metric scale of 1 = 500.

It is too early to define the stratigraphy in the area of the north zone. Two horizons appear to be present. One horizon of intermediate volcanics (mainly debris flows) in the north east quadrant of the area mapped, and a second horizon represented by tuff, lapilli tuff, crystal tuff and quartz crystal tuff of felsic composition, over the rest of the area. The schistosity along with the geological contacts observed, are generally oriented north east. It was not possible, at this early stage, to understand the relationship between the two horizons.

The intermediate horizon of debris flows is characterized by stretched mafic and felsic fragments, angular to rounded within a matrix rich in silica. Chlorite is present, and the rock has also been silicified and carbonated. Quartz - carbonate - amphibole veinlets are also present. Pyrite is disseminated all through. The rock has a grey green colour.

The felsic horizon present over most of the area investigated is composed of tuff, lapilli tuff, crystal tuff and quartz crystal tuff. These rocks are grey in colour and more detailed work is required to follow single beds.

Within the mainly intermediate horizon, in the north east part of the mapped area, a mineralized zone has been previously stripped and trenched. The zone locally looks like chert but is characterized by strong silicification and pyritization. This zone was the target for the previous diamond drilling.
CONCLUSIONS

The recent work confirms that the stratigraphy in the area of the "north zone" is oriented roughly at 040°. Previous I.P. survey were conducted along lines parallel to the mineralization. It is highly possible that the south zone, believed to be a parallel horizon, represents the south extension of the "north zone". The "south zone" is located some 500 meters south of the "north zone".

COST OF WORK

Geological mapping
- Dr Stewart Jackson 2 days $350/day .............. $ 700.00
- C. Larouche 12 days @ $350/day .................... $ 4,200.00

Transportation
1800 km @ $0.30/km ................................ $ 540.00

Report, drafting, interpretation
3.5 days @ $350/day ........................................ $ 1,225.00

Photocopies and reproduction ........................... $ 121.50

$ 6,786.52
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT:

- I am a resident of Thunder Bay, province of Ontario, Canada (385 Riviera Drive, Thunder Bay, On P7B 6K2)

- I have been engaged in mining exploration since 1974 and have been consulting as a professional geological engineer since 1980.

- I am a graduate of Quebec University, Chicoutimi (B. Sc. Eng., 1974) and Carleton University (M. Sc. geol. 1979)

- I have no interest direct or indirect in the company Landore Resources Inc. and its mining properties.

- The present report is based on my personal knowledge of the area and assessment work files available.

Signed in Thunder Bay, November 6, 1997

CLAUDER LAROCHE, B. SC. Geol.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Personal Information</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Question</td>
<td>933 Ram</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instruc.</td>
<td>type or print in ink.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. **Recorded holder(s)** (Attach a list if necessary)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Client Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JET MINING</td>
<td>149,149</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THUNDER BAY, ON, P16 G3</td>
<td>807-623-3770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DAVE WALSTEN</td>
<td>206,424</td>
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<tr>
<td>THUNDER BAY, ON, P16 G3</td>
<td>807-623-2335</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. **Type of work performed**: Check (x) and report on only ONE of the following groups for this declaration.

- [ ] Geotechnical: prospecting, surveys, assays and work under section 18 (regs)
- [x] Physical: drilling, stripping, trenching and associated assays
- [ ] Rehabilitation

**Work Type**: MAPPING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dates Work Performed</th>
<th>Office Use</th>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Total $ Value of Work Claimed</th>
<th>NTS Reference</th>
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</table>

**Global Positioning System Data (if available)**

- **Township/Area**: DUCKWORTH
- **M or U-Plan Number**: G638

**Resident Geologist**: JWB

Please remember to:
- Obtain a work permit from the Ministry of Natural Resources as required;
- Provide proper notice to surface rights holders before starting work;
- Complete and attach a Statement of Costs, form 0212;
- Provide a map showing contiguous mining lands that are linked for assigning work;
- Include two copies of your technical report.

3. **Person or companies who prepared the technical report** (Attach a list if necessary)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Telephone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CLAUDE LAROCHE</td>
<td>807-623-3770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THUNDER BAY, ON, P16 G3</td>
<td>807-623-2335</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. **Certification by Recorded Holder or Agent**

**Claude Larouche**, do hereby certify that I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the work to be performed or witnessed the same during or after its completion and, to the best of my knowledge, the annexed report is true.

**Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent**: CLAUDE LAROCHE

**Date**: Nov 7/97

**Address**: THUNDER BAY, ON P16 G3
Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Declaration of Assessment Work Performed on Mining Land
Mining Act, Subsection 66(2) and 66(3), R.S.O. 1990

Personal information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of subsections 65(2) and 66(3) of the Mining Act. Under section 8 of the Mining Act, the information is a public record. This information will be used to review the assessment work and correspond with the mining land holder. Questions about this collection should be directed to the Chief Mining Recorder, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 6th Floor, 933 Ramsey Lake Road, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6B6.

Instructions: - For work performed on Crown Lands before recording a claim, use form 0240. - Please type or print in ink.

1. Recorded holder(s) (Attach a list if necessary)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Client Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JET MINING</td>
<td>149/49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DAVE WALSTEN</td>
<td>206442</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Type of work performed: Check (✓) and report on only ONE of the following groups for this declaration.

- Geotechnical: prospecting, surveys, assays and work under section 18 (regs)
- Physical: drilling, stripping, trenching and associated assays
- Rehabilitation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Work Type</th>
<th>Office Use</th>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Total $ Value of Work Claimed</th>
<th>NTS Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MAPPING</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Dates Work Performed

- From 06 06 97 To 06 11 97

Global Positioning System Data (If available)

- Township/Area: Dickworth
- Mining Division: 06 38
- Resident Geologist: 
- District: 

Please remember to: - obtain a work permit from the Ministry of Natural Resources as required; - provide proper notice to surface rights holders before starting work; - complete and attach a Statement of Costs, form 0212; - provide a map showing contiguous mining lands that are linked for assigning work; - include two copies of your technical report.

3. Person or companies who prepared the technical report (Attach a list if necessary)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Telephone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CLAUDE LAROCHE</td>
<td>807-633-3270</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Certification by Recorded Holder or Agent

I, CLAUDE LAROCHE, do hereby certify that I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Declaration of Assessment Work having caused the work to be performed or witnessed the same during or after its completion and, to the best of my knowledge, the annexed report is true.

Signature of Recorded Holder or Agent

[Signature]

Date: Nov 13 97
5. Work to be recorded and distributed. Work can only be assigned to claims that are contiguous (adjoining) to the mining land where work was performed, at the time work was performed. A map showing the contiguous land must accompany this form.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mining Claim Number</th>
<th>Number of Claim Units</th>
<th>Value of work performed on this claim or other mining land</th>
<th>Value of work assigned to other mining claims</th>
<th>Bank: Value of work to be distributed at a future date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>eg TB 7827</td>
<td>16 ha</td>
<td>$26,825</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$24,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eg 1234567</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$24,000</td>
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</tbody>
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Column Totals

- **Total Value of Credit Approved**: 30,000

6. Instructions for cutting back credits that are not approved.

Some of the credits claimed in this declaration may be cut back. Please check (✓) in the boxes below to show how you wish to prioritize the deletion of credits:

- [ ] 1. Credits are to be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option 2 or 3 or 4 as indicated.
- [ ] 2. Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims listed last, working backwards; or
- [ ] 3. Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims listed in this declaration; or
- [ ] 4. Credits are to be cut back as prioritized on the attached appendix or as follows (describe):

Note: If you have not indicated how your credits are to be deleted, credits will be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option number 2 if necessary.

For Office Use Only

Received Stamp Thunder Bay Mining Division

[Stamp] NOV 10 1997

Deemed Approved Date Date Notification Sent

Data Approved Total Value of Credit Approved

Approved for Recording by Mining Recorder (Signature):
5. Work to be recorded and distributed. Work can only be assigned to claims that are contiguous (adjoining) to the mining land where work was performed. A map showing the contiguous land must accompany this form.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mining Claim Number</th>
<th>Number of Claim Units. For other mining land, list hectares.</th>
<th>Value of work performed on this claim or other mining land.</th>
<th>Value of work applied to this claim.</th>
<th>Value of work assigned to other mining claims.</th>
<th>Bank. Value of work to be distributed at a future date.</th>
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<tbody>
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</table>

Column Totals: 6787 6787 6787 0

1. Claude [Last Name], do hereby certify that the above work credits are eligible under subsection 7 (1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96 for assignment to contiguous claims or for application to the claim where the work was done.

Signature of Recorded Holder / Agent Authorized in Writing

Date: Nov 7/97

6. Instructions for cutting back credits that are not approved.

Some of the credits claimed in this declaration may be cut back. Please check (✓) in the boxes below to show how you wish to prioritize the deletion of credits:

- [ ] 1. Credits are to be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option 2 or 3 or 4 as indicated.
- [ ] 2. Credits are to be cut back starting with the claims listed last, working backwards; or
- [ ] 3. Credits are to be cut back equally over all claims listed in this declaration; or
- [ ] 4. Credits are to be cut back as prioritized on the attached appendix or as follows (describe):

Note: If you have not indicated how your credits are to be deleted, credits will be cut back from the Bank first, followed by option number 2 if necessary.

For Office Use Only

Thunder Bay Mining Division

Deemed Approved Date

Date Approved

Total Value of Credit Approved

Approved for Recording by Mining Recorder (Signature)
Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines

Statement of Costs for Assessment Credit

Transaction Number (office use) 0212 (02/96)

Personal information collected on this form is obtained under the authority of subsection 6(1) of the Assessment Work Regulation 6/96. Under section 8 of the Mining Act, the information is a public record. This information will be used to review the assessment work and correspond with the mining land holder. Questions about this collection should be directed to the Chief Mining Recorder, Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 6th Floor, 933 Ramsey Lake Road, Sudbury, Ontario, P3E 6B5.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Work Type</th>
<th>Units of Work</th>
<th>Cost Per Unit of Work</th>
<th>Total Cost</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mapping</td>
<td>350 /day</td>
<td>49.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Report Drafting</td>
<td>350 /day</td>
<td>122.5</td>
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Associated Costs (e.g. supplies, mobilization and demobilization).

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Transportation Costs</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1800 Km</td>
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<tr>
<td>540.00</td>
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Food and Lodging Costs

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Total Value of Assessment Work</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6289</td>
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Calculations of Filing Discounts:

1. Work filed within two years of performance is claimed at 100% of the above Total Value of Assessment Work.
2. If work is filed after two years and up to five years after performance, it can only be claimed at 50% of the Total Value of Assessment Work. If this situation applies to your claims, use the calculation below:

\[
\text{TOTAL VALUE OF ASSESSMENT WORK} \times 0.50 = \text{Total value of worked claimed.}
\]

Note:
- Work older than 5 years is not eligible for credit.
- A recorded holder may be required to verify expenditures claimed in this statement of costs within 45 days of a request for verification and/or correction/clarification. If verification and/or correction/clarification is not made, the Minister may reject all or part of the assessment work submitted.

Certification verifying costs:

I, Claude Labruché, do hereby certify, that the amounts shown are as accurate as may reasonably be determined and the costs were incurred while conducting assessment work on the lands indicated on the accompanying Declaration of Work form as I am authorized to make this certification.

Certification verifying costs: 0212 (02/96)
February 4, 1998

Claude Larouche
JET MINING EXPLORATION INC.
c/o 1070 Lithium Drive-
#3
THUNDER BAY, Ontario
P7B 6G3

Geoscience Assessment Office
933 Ramsey Lake Road
6th Floor
Sudbury, Ontario
P3E 6B5

Telephone: (888) 415-9846
Fax: (705) 670-5881

Dear Sir or Madam:

Subject: Transaction Number(s):
Submission Number: 2.17798

Status

We have reviewed your Assessment Work submission with the above noted Transaction Number(s). The attached summary page(s) indicate the results of the review. WE RECOMMEND YOU READ THIS SUMMARY FOR THE DETAILS PERTAINING TO YOUR ASSESSMENT WORK.

If the status for a transaction is a 45 Day Notice, the summary will outline the reasons for the notice, and any steps you can take to remedy deficiencies. The 90-day deemed approval provision, subsection 6(7) of the Assessment Work Regulation, will no longer be in effect for assessment work which has received a 45 Day Notice.

Please note any revisions must be submitted in DUPLICATE to the Geoscience Assessment Office, by the response date on the summary.

If you have any questions regarding this correspondence, please contact Lucille Jerome by e-mail at jeromel2@epo.gov.on.ca or by telephone at (705) 670-5858.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY
Blair Kite
Supervisor, Geoscience Assessment Office
Mining Lands Section
## Work Report Assessment Results

**Submission Number:** 2.17798  
**Date Correspondence Sent:** February 04, 1998  
**Assessor:** Lucille Jerome

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transaction Number</th>
<th>First Claim Number</th>
<th>Township(s) / Area(s)</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Approval Date</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>W9740.00979</td>
<td>685946</td>
<td>DUCKWORTH</td>
<td>Deemed Approval</td>
<td>February 04, 1998</td>
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**Section:**  
12 Geological GEOL

**Correspondence to:**  
Resident Geologist  
Thunder Bay, ON

**Recorded Holder(s) and/or Agent(s):**  
Claude Larouche  
JET MINING EXPLORATION INC.  
THUNDER BAY, Ontario

**Assessment Files Library:**  
Sudbury, ON